

Yashil IQTISODIYOT va TARAQQIYOT

Ijtimoiy, iqtisodiy, siyosiy, ilmiy, ommabop jurnal

6
2023



- 08.00.01 Iqtisodiyot nazariyasi
- 08.00.02 Makroiqtisodiyot
- 08.00.03 Sanoat iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.04 Qishloq xo'jaligi iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.05 Xizmat ko'rsatish tarmoqlari iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.06 Ekonometrika va statistika
- 08.00.07 Moliya, pul muomalasi va kredit
- 08.00.08 Buxgalteriya hisobi, iqtisodiy tahlil va audit
- 08.00.09 Jahon iqtisodiyoti

- 08.00.10 Demografiya. Mehnat iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.11 Marketing
- 08.00.12 Mintaqaviy iqtisodiyot
- 08.00.13 Menejment
- 08.00.14 Iqtisodiyotda axborot tizimlari va texnologiyalari
- 08.00.15 Tadbirkorlik va kichik biznes iqtisodiyoti
- 08.00.16 Raqamli iqtisodiyot va xalqaro raqamli integratsiya
- 08.00.17 Turizm va mehmonxona faoliyati



Yashil IQTISODIYOT va TARAQQIYOT

Ijtimoiy, iqtisodiy, siyosiy, ilmiy, ommabop jurnal

Bosh muharrir:
Sharipov Qo'ng'irotboy Avezimbetovich

Elektron nashr. 424 sahifa, 30-iyun, 2023-yil.

Bosh muharrir o'rinbosari:
Karimov Norboy G'aniyevich

Muharrir:
Qurbonov Sherzod Ismatillayevich

Tahrir hay'ati:

Rae Kvon Chung, Janubiy Koreya, TDIU faxriy professori, "Nobel" mukofoti laureati
Salimov Oqil Umrzoqovich, O'zbekiston fanlar akademiyasi akademigi
Abdurahmonov Qalandar Xodjayevich, O'zbekiston fanlar akademiyasi akademigi
Osman Mesten, Turkiya parlamenti a'zosi, Turkiya – O'zbekiston do'stlik jamiyati rahbari
Toshkulov Abduqodir Hamidovich, i.f.d., prof., O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidentining yoshlar, fan, ta'lim, sog'liqni saqlash, madaniyat va sport masalalari bo'yicha maslahatchisi o'rinbosari
Buzrukxonov Sarvarxon Munavvarxonovich, i.f.d., O'ZR Oliy ta'lim, fan va innovatsiyalar vaziri o'rinbosari
Sharipov Qo'ng'irotboy Avazimbetovich, t.f.d., prof., TDIU rektori
Oblamuradov Narzulla Naimovich, i.f.n., dots., O'ZR Tabiat resurslari vaziri o'rinbosari
Djumaniyazov Maqsud Allanazarovich, Qoraqalpog'iston Resp. Tabiat resurslari qo'mitasi raisi
Axmedov Durbek Kudratillayevich, i.f.d., prof., O'ZR Oliy Majlisi qonunchilik palatasi deputati
Utayev Uktam Choriyevich, O'ZR Bosh prokuraturasi boshqarma boshlig'i o'rinbosari
Ochilov Farxod, O'ZR Bosh prokuraturasi iqtisodiy jinoyatlarga qarshi kurashish departamenti bo'limi boshlig'i
Eshov Mansur Po'latovich, i.f.d., prof., TDIU Akademik faoliyat bo'yicha prorektori
Xudoyqulov Sadirdin Karimovich, i.f.d., prof., TDIU YoMMMIB birinchi prorektori
Abdurahmanova Gulnora Qalandarovna, i.f.d., prof., TDIU Ilmiy ishlar va innovatsiyalar bo'yicha prorektori
Kalonov Muxiddin Baxritdinovich, i.f.d., prof., "O'IRIAM" ilmiy tadqiqot markazi direktori – prorektor
Yuldashev Maqsud Abdullayevich, p.f.d., prof., TDIU Moliya-iqtisod ishlari bo'yicha prorektori
Karimov Norboy G'aniyevich, i.f.d., prof., TDIU huzuridagi PKQTMO tarmoq markazi direktori
Hakimov Nazar Hakimovich, f.f.d. TDIU profesor
Yuldashev Mutallib Ibragimovich, i.f.d., TMI professori
Samadov Asqarjon Nishonovich, i.f.n., TDIU Marketing kafedrasini professori
Slizovskiy Dimitriy Yegorovich, t.f.d., Rossiya xalqlar do'stligi universiteti professori
Mustafakulov Sherzod Igamberdiyevich, i.f.d., prof., Xalqaro "Nordik" universiteti rektori
Aliyev Bekdavlat Aliyevich, f.f.d., TDIU professori
Po'latov Baxtiyor Alimovich, t.f.d., prof., Atrof-muhit va tabiatni muhofaza qilish texnologiyalari ilmiy-tadqiqot instituti
Axmedov Javohir Jamolovich, i.f.f.d., "El-yurt umidi" jamg'armasi ijrochi direktori o'rinbosari
Isakov Janabay Yakubbayevich, i.f.d., TDIU professori
Toxirov Jaloliddin Ochil o'g'li, t.f.f.d., Toshkent arxitektura-qurilish universiteti katta o'qituvchisi
Kamilova Iroda Xusniddinovna, i.f.f.d., TDIU dotsenti
Nosirova Nargiza Jamoliddin qizi, i.f.f.d., TDIU dotsenti
Sevil Piriyeva Karaman, PhD, Turkiya Anqara universiteti doktoranti
Yaxshiboyeva Laylo Abdisattorovna, TDIU katta o'qituvchisi
Rustamov Ilhomiddin, f.f.n., Farg'ona davlat universiteti dotsenti

Ekspertlar kengashi:

Hakimov Ziyodulla Ahmadovich, i.f.d, TDIU dotsenti
Tuxtabayev Jamshid Sharafetdinovich, i.f.f.d, TDIU dotsenti
Imomqulov To'liq Burxonovich, i.f.f.d, TDIU dotsenti

Muassis: "Ma'rifat-print-media" MChJ

Hamkorlarimiz: Toshkent davlat iqtisodiyot universiteti,
O'ZR Tabiat resurslari vazirligi,
O'ZR Bosh prokuraturasi huzuridagi IJQK departamenti.

Jurnalning ilmiyligi:

"Yashil iqtisodiyot va taraqqiyot"
jurnali

O'zbekiston Respublikasi
Oliy ta'lim, fan va innovatsiyalar
vazirligi huzuridagi Oliy
attestatsiya komissiyasi
rayosatining
2023-yil 1-apreldagi 336/3-sonli
qarori bilan ro'yxatdan
o'tkazilgan.



MUNDARIJA

Sanoat korxonalarida energiyadan foydalanish samaradorligini oshirishning asosiy yo'nalishlari	6
Buzrukxonov Sardorxon Sarvarxon o'g'li , mustaqil izlanuvchi	
Klasterlarni rivojlantirishda fermer xo'jaliklarining strategik boshqaruvi	11
Karimova Nilufar , tayanch doktorant	
Application of Information and Communication Technology to Promote Economic Development of Tourism Services in Uzbekistan	16
Peng Xinge , PhD Researcher	
O'zbekistonda qayta tiklanuvchi energiya manbalaridan samarali foydalanishning asosiy yo'nalishlari.....	21
Xotamov Ibodulla Sadullayevich , i.f.n., professor, Najmiddinov Yakhyo Fazliddin o'g'li , kafedra assistenti	
Suv ta'minot korxonalarida biznes jarayonlari bo'yicha boshqaruv hisobi tizimida hisob yuritishning xususiyatlari.....	28
Saidakbarov Xusniddin Abdisolomovich , PhD, katta o'qituvchi	
O'zbekiston ichki oziq-ovqat tovarlari bozorini to'ldirishning o'ziga xos xususiyatlari.....	31
Azlarova Munira Muhammad Amin qizi , tadqiqotchi	
Assessing the Implementation of Sustainable Practices in Higher Education Institutions to Drive the Transition towards a Green Economy: A Management Perspective	40
Kuzikulova Dilfuza	
Qualitative functional development in industrial production.....	49
Ziyayeva Mukhtasar Mansurdjanovna , TSUE, DSc, assistant professor	
Temir yo'l transportini mahalliyashtirishni moliyalashtirish mexanizmning hozirgi holati.....	54
Xamrayev Djamshid Panjiyevich , mustaqil tadqiqotchi	
Enhancing Education Management for Green Development in Engineering Programs: Strategies, Challenges, and Outcomes.....	61
Eshbayev Oybek , Department of English Language	
Exploring the Role of Effective Management Practices in Achieving a Sustainable Green Economy	68
Rozikov Ravshan , Department of English Language	
Enhancing Vocational Competence of Future Economists through English Language Lessons in the Context of the Green Economy.....	76
Kurbanova Nigina , Department of English Language	
Empirical test of regional economic innovation and development along the Belt and Road	85
Kalonov Mukhiddin Bahritdinovich , professor	
Shao Junling , PhD student, researcher	
Analysis of the Impact of Cross border Investment and International Economic Integration.....	90
Zhao shenghan	
Yashil iqtisodiyotni moliyalashtirishda bank moliya texnologiyalarining ahamiyati.....	96
Abduraximova Dilora Karimovna , PhD	
Rivojlangan mamlakatlarda bilimlar iqtisodiyoti konsepsiyasidan samarali foydalanish yo'nalishlari.....	101
Xasanxonova Nodira Isametdinovna , PhD	
Biznes inkubator orqali kichik biznes va xususiy tadbirkorlik subyektlarini shakllantirishda "yashil logistika" tamoyillaridan foydalanish.....	107
Narzullayev Shodiyor Eshpulatovich , kafedra assistenti	
Innovatsion faoliyatning asosi – intellektual salohiyat	112
Kaxorova Anora Nusratovna , kafedra assistenti	
Ijro hokimiyati organlari faoliyatini baholash mezonlari tushunchasi va turlari	118
Qahramon Usmanovich Umidullayev , yuridik fanlar bo'yicha falsafa doktori (PhD)	
Temir yo'l transportida mahalliyashtirishni moliyalashtirishning huquqiy asoslari.....	124
Xamrayev Djamshid Panjiyevich , mustaqil tadqiqotchisi	
Moliyaviy hisobotning xalqaro standartlari bo'yicha moliyaviy hisobot: tayyorlash va avtomatlashtirish	129
Tulayev Mirzakul Salamovich , dotsent	
O'zbekistonda kichik tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishning samarali yo'llari	133
Sh. B. Babayev , dotsent; M. R. Qulmetov , dotsent	
Sug'urta kompaniyalari to'lov qobiliyatini kengaytirish yo'nalishlari	138
G'aniyev Shahriddin Vohidovich , professor, i. f. d. (DSc), Qarshiyev Daniyar Eshpulatovich , i. f. f. d. (PhD)	



Повышении роли цифровой трансформации банков в современном этапе развития экономики	144
Жиянова Наргиза Эсанбоена , к.э.н., проф., Азимжонова Малика Шавкат қизи , специалист первой категории	
To‘qimachilik korxonalarida tejamkor ishlab chiqarishni tashkil etishda mehnat resurslari va ishlab chiqarish quvvatlaridan foydalanish samaradorligi	150
Yaxuyayeva Inobat Karimovna , dotsent, PhD	
Liquidity and recent changes of government securities market in the United States, the United Kingdom and Japan.....	154
Kholikov Khamidulla Vaydulla ugli	
“История экономических учений” как основная дисциплина в подготовке конкурентоспособных кадров экономистов	160
Хакимов Назар Хакимович , доктор философских наук, профессор	
The importance of strategic management and strategic leadership	166
Reyimberdiyev Baburbek Adilbek o‘g‘li	
Exploring the Role of Higher Education in Fostering Green Economy Transition: A Systematic Analysis of Curriculum Integration and Skill Development.....	170
Xasanova Zarina , Department of English Language	
Inson kapitalini joriy etish tizimi va xodimlar daromadi o‘rtasidagi o‘zaro ta’sir tahlili.....	178
M. O. Hamroqulov , katta o‘qituvchi	
Yetuk mutaxassis tayyorlash – kelajak uchun sarmoya.....	185
Farhod Bagibekovich Xalimbetov	
Analysis of new established and liquidated enterprises as a basis for jobs (On the example of Samarkand region)	188
Saidov Nurali Rakhimovich	
Basing and forecasting the priorities of introducing innovative medical services in Khorezm region.....	193
S. M. Rakhimova	
Оптимизации операционной стратегии и повышение экономического потенциала хлопково-текстильных кластеров	197
Джурабаев Отабек Джурабаевич , доцент	
Soliq to‘g‘risidagi qonunlarni buzganlik uchun yuridik javobgarlikka tortishning huquqiy asoslari	204
Hakimov Feruz Xurshid o‘g‘li , talaba	
Hayot sug‘urtasining rivojlanishi va uning ijtimoiy hayotdagi o‘rni	207
Baratova Dinora Alisherovna , katta o‘qituvchisi	
Edge Computing texnologiyalari	213
Qulmatova S. , PhD, katta o‘qituvchi; Karimov Botir , katta o‘qituvchi	
Aksiyadorlik kapitalida davlat ulushini qisqartirish va xususiylashtirish holati	218
Mamatov Bahromjon Shavkatovich , PhD, dotsent	
Xususiy maktablarning ijobiy imijini shakllantirishning nazariy jihatlar.....	223
Odilova Sitora Sayfitdin qizi , katta o‘qituvchi	
Tomorqa xo‘jaliklarida oziq-ovqat mahsulotlari yetishtirish hajmining prognoz ko‘rsatkichlari	228
Saydullayeva Fotima Jozilovna , assistent	
O‘zbekiston sug‘urta bozori rivojlanishining o‘ziga xos xususiyati.....	235
Xasanov Xayrulla Nasrullayevich	
O‘zbekiston yoshlarida volontyorlik faoliyatini rivojlantirishning ijtimoiy-siyosiy va huquqiy mexanizmlari: jahon va mahalliy tajriba	241
Qudratov Anvarmirzo Murodillayevich , siyosiy fanlar bo‘yicha falsafa doktori (PhD)	
Культурологический аспект преподавания русскоязычной литературы Казахстана в ВУЗе	247
Оспан Айзада Бейсенқызы , докторант 2 курса	
Tijorat banklarida kreditlash riskini boshqarish holati tahlili.....	251
Mirzoyev Feruz Mamurjonovich , mustaqil izlanuvchi	
Tijorat banklari aktivlarini diversifikatsiyalashning zamonaviy holati va tendensiyalari.....	259
Abdualim Abdujabbor o‘g‘li Abdurazzoqov , mustaqil tadqiqotchi	
Significance and prospects of using economic-mathematical models in analysis of our country’s economic growth	267
Rasulov Jamshid Shokir o‘g‘li	
Bank daromadlilik ko‘rsatkichlariga makroiqtisodiy omillar ta’siri.....	274
Madraimov Xabibulla Madaminovich , assistent o‘qituvchi	



Xizmat ko'rsatish sohasini rivojlantirishning ilmiy konsepsiyalari	282
Mamatov Mamajan Axmadjonovich , i.f.n., dotsent	
Qishloq xo'jalik mahsulotlari ishlab chiqarishni rivojlantirishning makroiqtisodiy barqarorligini ta'minlash	288
Ergashova Nargiza Boboxonovna , talaba	
Budjet-soliq va pul-kredit siyosatini muvofiqlashtirishning nazariy yondashuvlari	296
Hakimjon Hakimov , tadqiqotchi	
Innovatsion-brokerlik faoliyatini rivojlantirishda moliyaviy injiniringni ahamiyatini oshirish istiqbollari	301
Saipnazarov Sherbek Shaylavbekovich , dotsent	
O'zbekistonda inson kapitalini rivojlantirishda ta'lim xizmatlari bozorining ahamiyati	306
Babadjanova Malika Ruzimovna , assistent o'qituvchi	
O'zbekiston sug'urtalovchilarining moliyaviy barqarorligini ta'minlashda qayta sug'urtaning roli	312
Kamilov Baxramjon Umardjonovich	
Shaxs ma'naviy-axloqiy tarbiyasi hamisha muhim.....	317
Bekdavlat Aliyev , professor, falsafa fanlari doktori	
Jismoniy shaxslar daromadini soliqqa tortishning zamonaviy tendensiyalari	321
O. T. Nurmatov , PhD	
Milliy mahsulotning mazmuni, tarkibiy qismlari va harakat shakllarini tadqiq qilishning nazariy-uslubiy asoslari.....	327
Abdullayev Suyun Artiqovich , O'zbekiston jahon tillari universiteti prorektori	
O'zbekiston Respublikasidagi yirik tijorat banklari kreditlash amaliyotining ekonometrik tahlil va natijalari.....	335
Kaxxarov Ulug'bek Xalmatovich , mustaqil izlanuvchi	
Aksiyadorlik jamiyatlari faoliyatda ichki nazorat va auditning xususiyatlari.....	346
Saidaxmedova Aida Mirzayevna , katta o'qituvchi	
Yangi O'zbekistonda yog'-moy korxonalari personalini boshqarishni takomillashtirish.....	352
D. A. Azlarova , PhD	
The Intersection of Sustainability and Economic Development: Balancing Environment and Business Needs	360
Kholikova Rukhsora Sanjarovna , PhD, Izzatulloev Bakhodir Ubaydullo ugli , student	
Davlat-xususiy sheriklikni tashkil etishning huquqiy-institutsional mexanizmlari	364
Zuhra Abdikarimova , tayanch doktorant	
Zamonaviy portfel nazariyasi asosida samarali portfelni shakllantirish.....	370
Sindarov Fazliddin Qahramonovich , kafedra assistenti	
Iste'molchilarning qandolat mahsulotlariga bo'lgan talablarini raqamli platformalar orqali tadqiq qilish yo'llari	376
To'ychiyeva Vasila Faxriddin qizi , assistent	
Investitsiya muhiti va faoliyati natijalarini baholash uslublari.....	381
B. K. Tuxliyev , professor	
Sanoat korxonalarida resurslar salohiyatini tizimli tahlil qilish – korxonalarining iqtisodiy barqarorligini ta'minlash omili sifatida.....	386
Madraximova Gulasal Ro'zimboy qizi , PhD	
Mintaqada kichik biznes va xususiy tadbirkorlik rivojlanishi tahlili (Xorazm viloyati misolida).....	391
Aminboy Sa'dullayev , i.f.n, dotsent, Dilshod Vaisov , magistr, Farhod Egamberganov , magistr	
Xizmatlar ko'rsatish korxonalarini soliqqa tortish amaliyoti va uni takomillashtirish	397
Pardayev Jamshid Muzaffarovich , tadqiqotchi	
Asosiy kapitalga yo'naltirilgan investitsiyalar: yutuqlar, kamchiliklar va yechimlari.....	403
Muxitdinova Kamola Alisherovna , PhD	
Directions of attracting foreign capital and specific characteristics of the eurobond transaction.....	407
Gafurov Olimjon , teacher, Kholmuminov Humoyun , teacher, Abueva Sevinch , student,	
Формирование международных систем бухгалтерского учета в условиях глобализации экономики.....	411
Ф. Т. Абдувахидов , доцент, А. Ю. Нурмухаммедов , доцент	
Qishloqda turizmni tashkil etishning mamlakatimiz taraqqiyotiga ta'siri	417
Jo'rayeva Nargiza Abduvohidovna , dotsent	
Public debt, poverty and economic growth of Uzbekistan	420
Mirzamakhmudov Marufjan Mahamadsharif ugli	



ANALYSIS OF NEW ESTABLISHED AND LIQUIDATED ENTERPRISES AS A BASIS FOR JOBS (ON THE EXAMPLE OF SAMARKAND REGION)



Saidov Nurali Rakhimovich
TDIU, senior lecturer

Abstract: In the article, reducing the level of unemployment and providing jobs to the population is considered as one of the most urgent problems of today. Also, active, passive, newly established and liquidated enterprises, which form the basis of jobs, were analyzed. Based on the results of the analysis, ways to provide employment to the population were proposed.

Key words: sustainable jobs, employment, entity.

Annotatsiya: maqolada Ishsizlik darajasini pasaytirish va aholini ish o'rinlari bilan ta'minlash bugungi kunning eng dolzarb muammolaridan biri sifatida talqin qilingan. Shuningdek, ish o'rinlari asosini tashkil etuvchi faol, passiv, yangi tashkil etilgan va tugatilayotgan korxonalar tahlil qilingan. Tahlil natijalari asosida aholini ish bilan ta'minlash yo'llari taklif etilgan.

Kalit so'zlar: barqaror ish o'rinlari, bandlik, korxonalar.

Аннотация: В статье снижение уровня безработицы и обеспечение работой населения рассматривается как одна из актуальных проблем современности. Также были проанализированы активные, пассивные, вновь созданные и ликвидированные предприятия, составляющие основу рабочих мест. По результатам анализа предложены пути обеспечения занятости населения.

Ключевые слова: устойчивые рабочие места, занятость, организация.

INTRODUCTION

Today, one of the most pressing issues in the country is to provide employment and reduce unemployment by increasing the number of jobs. Employment is an important factor in economic development, GDP growth, raising living standards and incomes. Reducing unemployment is one of the most important macroeconomic features of socio-economic development of society and has a special significance in the economy.

The issue of creating new jobs in Uzbekistan is one of the priorities of state policy.

Non-compliance of the number of stable jobs with the requirements of the labor market leads to a violation of the balance of supply and demand in the labor market, rising unemployment in the regions, informal labor migration and growth of informal employment.

Despite the creation of jobs in the country, the unemployment rate remains high. The main reasons for this are:

- short-term re-loss of some of the jobs created in the private sector;
- Insufficiency of stable enterprises and organizations, which are the basis of jobs in the private sector;
- short-term completion of newly established enterprises and organizations;
- insolvency of active enterprises;
- factors such as the fact that investments are not directed to stable enterprises and organizations due to market demand.

Based on the above, this study aims to provide an in-depth analysis of the type of economic activity of enterprises and organizations that are the basis of jobs. To achieve this goal:

- analysis of active, inactive, newly established and liquidated enterprises in the country;
- to analyze the types of economic activities of existing, liquidated and newly established enterprises and organizations.



ANALYSIS OF THE LITERATURE ON THE SUBJECT

The enterprise is an independent business entity with the right of a legal entity, established for the production of goods, goods, services, works, engaged in various types of economic activity. Enterprises and organizations are the basis of jobs ^[2].

A number of economists have expressed their views and opinions on job creation and job creation.

According to economist academician Abdurahmanov, the workplace is part of the production area, which has all the main and auxiliary technological equipment, tools, tools, office furniture, special equipment for certain types of work. From an economic point of view, work is a source of income that allows a person to achieve high labor productivity and live a good life for himself and his family ^[5].

According to Professor Nazarov's definition, a workplace is an area of a production area that is allocated to a single contractor or group of workers and is adequately equipped with the tools and objects needed to produce a product or service" ^[6].

According to Russian scientist Kuznetsov, the number of new jobs can be increased through scientific and technological progress, the launch of new production facilities, and support for existing ones ^[7].

Jobs are created on the basis of investments in fixed assets, ie construction costs, equipment costs, purchase of vehicles, equipment and household inventory, and other costs.

According to research by Dutch researchers Karen Van Dama, Tinka Van Vuuren and Sofia Kemrs, sustainable jobs are more important for those who have been working for many years than young people who have just entered the labor market. Because young people have a high level of mobility, they often change jobs ^[1].

According to the British scientist Michael Pitt¹, companies and organizations can ensure sustainable employment of their employees by creating an HR manager system in their activities ^[3].

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

To achieve this goal, methods of collecting and comparing statistical data, methods of analysis in summarizing and substantiating the results obtained were used. These methods were used in the analysis and results section of the article, which helped us to conclude below. The result of the methods used is to provide the population with stable jobs

ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

Favorable conditions have been created in the country to support enterprises and organizations, which are the basis of jobs, and to increase their number. Newly established enterprises and organizations are provided with benefits, and the reasons for the liquidation of liquidated enterprises are being studied. This is because even if several jobs are created with a newly established enterprise, a number of jobs will be lost in enterprises that have been liquidated in the same way. There are also inactive companies and organizations, which leads to job losses. First of all, it is necessary to analyze this situation at the national level. (1-table)

Table 1: Number of enterprises and organizations by region (without farmers and farms)

	as of January 1, 2023				
	Registered	Active	Inactive	New established	Finished
Republic of Uzbekistan	627475	592371	35104	93611	24130
The Republic of Karakalpakstan	27903	26692	1211	4472	1454
Regions:					
Andijon	47925	44658	3267	5656	1486
Bukhara	35905	33686	2219	4572	1814
Jizzax	27732	25847	1885	4667	985
Qashqadaryo	44323	41612	2711	8869	2305
Navoi	26437	25179	1258	4464	1617
Namangan	38374	36914	1460	5774	2015
Samarkand	57511	54163	3348	10877	2734
Surxandaryo	33122	31427	1695	4316	1021
Sirdaryo	18550	17259	1291	2187	791

1 <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/243460259>



Tashkent	60647	55472	5175	7094	1258
Fergana	55716	52746	2970	9099	1872
Khorezm	30956	28904	2052	5792	1540
Tashkent city	122374	117812	4562	15772	3238

According to Table 1, there are 627475 legal entities registered in the country, of which 592371 are active and 35104 are inactive. The number of newly established enterprises and organizations amounted to 93611. However, 24130 enterprises and organizations have ceased their activities. Many jobs have been lost in these closed legal entities. In Samarkand region, 2734 enterprises and organizations have ceased their activities.

Given that enterprises and organizations are the basis of jobs, it requires a more in-depth analysis of the type of economic activity of enterprises and organizations in the analyzed region in terms of operating, liquidated and newly established enterprises and organizations.

Table 2: Distribution of enterprises and organizations operating in Samarkand region by type of economic activity²

Types of activities	01.01.2016 year	01.01.2018 year	01.01.2019 year	01.01.2020 year	01.01.2021 year	01.01.2022 year
Agriculture, forestry and fisheries	1116	1440	1925	2281	3213	3767
Industry	2953	3713	4654	5976	6971	8050
Construction	1442	1667	2199	2724	3079	3280
Trade	4303	4737	5549	7774	11311	15251
Transportation and storage	511	703	824	959	1110	1174
Living and eating	871	1207	1628	2402	3123	3885
Information and communication	346	391	411	486	658	760
Health and social services	726	465	561	676	784	923
Other types of services	6285	6738	7315	8076	8697	9577
The total	18553	21061	25066	31354	38946	46667

As of January 1, 2016, 18,553 enterprises and organizations were operating in Samarkand region, while at the beginning of 2022, the number was 46,667. The average growth in 2016-2017 was 8-9 percent, while in 2018-2020 it was 20-21 percent. The number of registered legal entities has increased dramatically in recent years.

As of January 1, 2022, the enterprises operating in agriculture, forestry and fisheries accounted for 3767 and 7%, industry – 8050 and 19%, construction – 3280 and 9%, trade – 15251 and 25%, transportation and storage – 1174 and 7%, and 2,402 in nutrition and 8 percent in information and communication, 486 and 2 percent, 676 and 2 percent in health and social services, and 8,076 and 26 percent in other types of services. Apparently, the highest share falls on enterprises and organizations engaged in other types of services. This can also be seen in the diagram (Diagram 1).

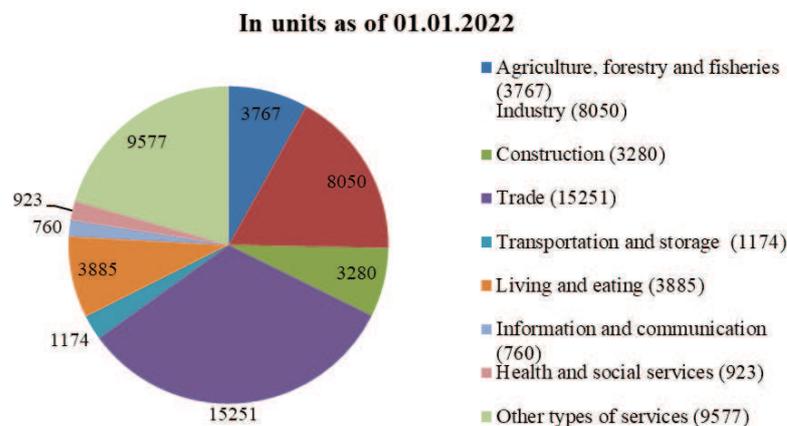


Diagram 1: Distribution of enterprises and organizations operating in Samarkand region by type of economic activity

² Based on data from the State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan

There are also liquidating legal entities in the structure of operating enterprises and organizations, the liquidation of which leads to the loss of a number of jobs. This situation requires an analysis of the legal form of legal entities and sectors of the economy, terminating the activities of legal entities in the region and its districts. (Table 3)

Table 3: Distribution of liquidated enterprises and organizations in Samarkand region by type of economic activity³

	01.01.2016 year	01.01.2018 year	01.01.2019 year	01.01.2020 year	01.01.2021 year	01.01.2022 year
Agriculture, forestry and fisheries	147	140	122	145	172	301
Industry	353	289	215	304	209	584
Construction	181	213	102	163	100	254
Trade	585	477	314	361	288	915
Transportation and storage	62	41	25	48	27	75
Living and eating	138	115	75	115	58	268
Information and communication	67	46	23	33	12	76
Provision of health and social services	23	374	8	22	7	38
Other types of services	336	293	204	237	118	341
The total	1892	1988	1088	1428	991	2852

The table shows that as of January 1, 2016, a total of 1892 legal entities ceased their activities, and by 2020 this number was 2852. As of January 1, 2020 in agriculture, forestry and fisheries – 145 and 10 percent, in industry – 304 and 21 percent, in construction – 163 and 11 percent, in trade – 361 and 25 percent, in transportation and storage – 48 and 3 percent, in housing and nutrition. 115 and 8 per cent, in information and communication 33 and 3 per cent, in health and social services 22 and 2 per cent and in other types of services 237 and 17 per cent, respectively. Over the years, there has been a decline and a resurgence of numbers. As of January 1, 2022, the largest share of liquidated enterprises and organizations (Diagram 2).

1.01.2023 status

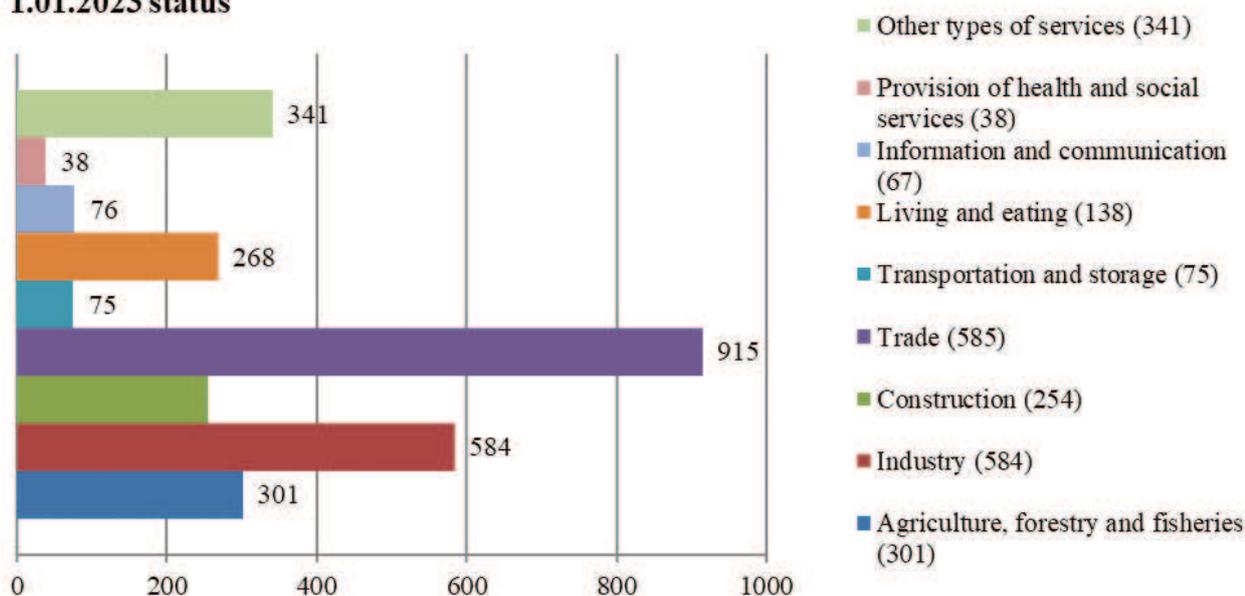


Diagram 2: Distribution of liquidated enterprises and organizations in Samarkand region by type of economic activity

3 Based on data from the State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan



Great attention is paid to the development of small business and private entrepreneurship in the country. As a result, the number of newly established enterprises and organizations is growing. (4-table) This, in turn, leads to an increase in the number of jobs.

Table 4: Distribution of newly established enterprises and organizations in Samarkand region by type of economic activity⁴

Types of economic activity	01.01.2016 year	01.01.2018 year	01.01.2019 year	01.01.2020 year	01.01.2021 year	01.01.2022 year
Agriculture, forestry and fisheries	137	476	615	639	1262	925
Industry	466	895	1058	1971	1551	1899
Construction	215	338	556	704	394	447
Trade	672	680	946	2782	3714	5061
Transportation and storage	63	116	150	202	160	152
Living and eating	194	362	474	913	815	1040
Information and communication	56	82	82	161	161	232
Provision of health and social services	36	94	117	145	136	186
Other types of services	272	342	833	848	635	1121
The total	2111	3385	4831	8365	8828	11063

According to table 4, as of January 1, 2022, 11063 new enterprises and organizations have been established in the region. As of January 1, 2022, the newly established legal entities are 925 and 8% in agriculture, forestry and fisheries, 1899 and 24% in industry, 447 and 8% in construction, 5061 and 33% in trade, 152 and 2% in transportation and storage, 1040 and 11% in accommodation and nutrition, 232 and 2% in information and communication, 186 and 2% in health and social services, and 1121 and 10% in other types of services. Over the years, the number of newly established legal entities has increased.

CONCLUSIONS AND SUGGESTIONS

From the results of the above analysis, it can be concluded that the number of newly established enterprises and organizations, which are the basis of jobs, has increased over the years. In turn, several legal entities have ceased operations. This situation can lead to a decrease in the number of jobs and an unemployment rate. You can also see inactive legal entities close to termination. Based on these conclusions, the following suggestions can be made:

- to study the reasons for the liquidation of liquidated enterprises and organizations and take measures to eliminate them;
- reactivation of inactive enterprises, their full support and prevention of job losses;
- establishment of sustainable and active enterprises and organizations in each district, attracting investment;
- It is necessary to develop the business environment in order to prevent the inactivity of enterprises and organizations.

List of used literature:

1. <https://doi.org/10.1080/09585192.2015.1137607>
2. <https://qomus.info/encyclopedia/cat-k/korxonalar-uz/>
3. <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/243460259>
4. www.stat.uz – Data of the State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan
5. Abdurahmonov Q.X. Mehnat iqtisodiyoti: Darslik – T.: IQTISODIYOT, 2019. – 282 b.
6. I.Bakieva. Mehnatni tashkil etish va boshqarish. O'quv ko'llanma. -T.: Iktisodiyot. 2019. – 220 b.
7. Кузнецов О.Г. Инвестиционное стимулирование создания новых рабочих мест на действующих предприятиях. Автореферат на соискание дисс. кан.экон.наук. – Москва, 2009.

⁴ Based on data from the State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan

Yashil

IQTISODIYOT va TARAQQIYOT

Ijtimoiy, iqtisodiy, siyosiy, ilmiy, ommabop jurnal

Ingliz tili muharriri: Feruz Hakimov

Musahhih: Xondamir Ismoilov

Sahifalovchi va dizayner: Iskandar Islomov

2023. № 6

© Materiallar ko'chirib bosilganda "Yashil iqtisodiyot va taraqqiyot" jurnali manba sifatida ko'rsatilishi shart. Jurnalda bosilgan material va reklamalardagi dalillarning aniqligiga mualliflar ma'sul. Tahririyat fikri har vaqt ham mualliflar fikriga mos kelavermasligi mumkin. Tahririyatga yuborilgan materiallar qaytarilmaydi.

Mazkur jurnalda maqolalar chop etish uchun quyidagi havolalarga maqola, reklama, hikoya va boshqa ijodiy materiallar yuborishingiz mumkin.

Materiallar va reklamalar pullik asosda chop etiladi.

El.Pochta: sq143235@gmail.com

Bot: [@iqtisodiyot_77](https://t.me/@iqtisodiyot_77)

Tel.: 93 718 40 07

Jurnalga istalgan payt quyidagi rekvizitlar orqali obuna bo'lishingiz mumkin. Obuna bo'lgach, [@iqtisodiyot_77](https://t.me/@iqtisodiyot_77) telegram sahifamizga to'lov haqidagi ma'lumotni skrinshot yoki foto shaklida jo'natishingizni so'raymiz. Shu asosda har oygi jurnal yangi sonini manzilingizga jo'natamiz.

«Yashil iqtisodiyot va taraqqiyot» jurnali 03.11.2022-yildan O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti Adminstratsiyasi huzuridagi Axborot va ommaviy kommunikatsiyalar agentligi tomonidan №566955 reestr raqami tartibi bo'yicha ro'yxatdan o'tkazilgan.

Litsenziya raqami: №046523. PNFL: 30407832680027



Manzilimiz: Toshkent shahar, Mirzo Ulug'bek tumani
Kumushkon ko'chasi 26-uy.