

## OPPORTUNITIES TO ENSURE INTERNATIONAL PEACE IN YOUTH

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### ABSTRACT

The article explores philosophical aspects of the development of interethnic relations in the aesthetic awareness of the youth of Uzbekistan. It explores the views of various nationalities and ethnic groups in the study of the cultural heritage of our people in building civil society. It is stated in our country that young people of different nationalities are developing national ideas in the field of culture, art, literature, spirituality and ideology. The article also explores the respect for national values of all nations in Uzbekistan, the study of their cultural heritage, the scientific development of works of art on a wider public basis.

**Keywords:** ethnicity, interethnic relations, spirituality, culture, art, cultural heritage, youth, aesthetic consciousness, ideology, education, worldview, philosophy.

One of the means of ensuring the development and stability of a society is the provision of state-level attention to ensuring interethnic harmony among young people. The importance of the issue can be explained by a number of aspects. In particular, the acceleration of communication among people all around the world (virtual communication), as well as the various forms of aggression that can take place from one country to another, will inevitably affect the relations between nations to one degree or another. It is no secret that in such a situation, it is natural to target young people who have little experience and have not yet developed immunity to the negative effects, as the object of rapid exposure.

The "Concept of state policy of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the field of interethnic relations" has been developed in our country. The concept emphasizes the interdependence of countries and nations in modern conditions, the role and importance of interethnic harmony in all spheres of human life. In this regard, the ethnic diversity of the population of Uzbekistan, as well as many other countries, continues to grow economic, political, spiritual and cultural ties of peoples and nations.

The formation of interethnic relations among young people, the development of a culture of communication and their upbringing in the spirit of peace, harmony, human rights, democracy and mutual understanding are of global importance, as noted in a number of international documents. The 53rd session of the UN General Assembly adopted the Declaration on the Culture of Peace. A culture of peace should be understood as a global school that analyzes living together in peace and harmony, instilling in young people the protection of the world, non-violence, justice and democracy. A culture of tolerance, non-violence, non-conflict communication, listening and reasoning, arguing with the opponent,

not turning him into an enemy should be cultivated from childhood. ” Therefore, educational work with young people should not be limited to the transfer of certain knowledge. First and foremost, youth groups need to develop and promote skills that can withstand conflicts between different nationalities and ethnic groups. It is also necessary to support those who have experienced various difficulties among young people, to intensify efforts to show compassion to those in need.

"In 1995, UNESCO issued the Declaration of Principles of Tolerance. Tolerance is an international term that means not only tolerance, but also the unity of humanity, equality of respect and relations, the richness and diversity of cultures, the recognition of rights and freedoms, the rejection of war and the establishment of a culture of peace. The United Nations has announced the signing of the Declaration on International Day for Tolerance, emphasizing the importance of adopting the principles of tolerance in the life of the international community. " So, in our multi-ethnic country, the issue of promoting and ensuring tolerance is very important. The main tasks of ensuring interethnic relations among young people, the development of a culture of communication in modern conditions can be attributed to the specific signs of mutual understanding and solidarity among young people.

In today's world, the concept of multiculturalism and cultural diversity is expanding. It is important to adapt young people to different values in the presence of different cultures, to direct the interaction between young people with different traditions to ensure interethnic harmony.

The Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on the approval of the "Concept of State Policy of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the field of interethnic relations" emphasizes the ongoing globalization and transformation in international and regional relations, growing economic, political, national, religious and other conflicts. And in the context of growing confrontation in cyberspace, a number of pressing issues in the field of further development of interethnic relations and friendly relations with foreign countries remain, and special attention will be paid to the following issues:

“Further increase the level of cooperation between government agencies and organizations, local executive authorities and civil society institutions in the field of further development of interethnic relations and friendly relations with foreign countries;

Establish a system and mechanisms for monitoring the state of interethnic relations on the ground as a basis for the organization of activities for the early prevention of potential conflicts in society;

Implementation of a set of educational, informational and cultural-educational measures to foster a culture of interethnic relations, study the history and traditions of the people of Uzbekistan;

To improve the training, retraining and advanced training of specialists of government agencies, as well as employees of other organizations in the field of further development of interethnic relations and friendly relations with foreign countries. "

The concept of interethnic harmony and religious tolerance envisaged in the decree is one of the main directions of the idea of national independence, which has been going on for many years between the representatives of different nationalities and ethnic groups living in our country, the Uzbek people. It embodies human qualities such as friendship, kinship, kindness, brotherhood, unity, kinship, solidarity. The existence of human relations, such as mutual respect, friendship and solidarity between the citizens of Uzbekistan, living in one place and working towards the same goal, and the development of such relations - interethnic relations forms the basis of the idea of harmony.

Uzbekistan is a country of more than 130 nationalities and ethnic groups. Each nation formed in the territory of the republic has its own culture, customs and characteristics. It is important to know and understand the ethnic identity and behavior of different peoples, to strengthen the unity and strength of our state, to unite people of different nationalities under one idea. It can be said that today in the Republic of Uzbekistan there is a favorable environment of interethnic and interfaith harmony among the peoples. This process is due to the reforms aimed at studying and promoting the historical heritage of different nations in the country, getting acquainted with the national and cultural traditions of other nations, creating an atmosphere of tolerance, expanding inter-ethnic and inter-regional cooperation.

The formation and harmonization of interethnic relations in young people is a multifaceted process that includes such characteristics as beliefs, feelings, traditions, needs, and moral qualities. There is no doubt that the formation of such qualities in them will have a positive effect.

In the minds of the younger generation, the harmonization of interethnic relations begins in childhood and takes place throughout their lives. There are many factors that influence this process, and it is important that the educational process is focused on the positive development of these relationships. For the education system to serve the development of national relations, it is necessary to adequately address this issue in educational programs. Based on the specific content and technology of education, a system that fully includes the acquisition of values, knowledge, norms, skills and connections by young people to be used in subsequent interactions existence is the primary means of

achieving a goal. As a result, the process of socialization of young people accelerates and promotes personal development.

The organization of the education system in any society must take into account the national cultural foundations and the changes in world civilization. The universal function of education and its cultural identity should be reflected in the fact that it reflects the most important positive aspects of interethnic relations among young people.

Today's world is characterized by the rapid impact of globalization and the intensification of integration processes. Changes in the political, economic and social relations of our country, in turn, strengthen the desire of ethnic groups to preserve their national identity.

As stated in the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On approval of the Concept of state policy of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the field of interethnic relations",

“Additional for the effective implementation of the state policy of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the field of further development of interethnic relations and friendly relations with foreign countries, preservation and development of the language, culture, traditions and customs of different nationalities and ethnic groups living in our country creation of socio-economic conditions;

to further strengthen the feeling of a large multi-ethnic family in society, friendship and harmony between different nationalities and ethnic groups living in our republic, to educate the younger generation in the spirit of love and devotion to the Motherland, to ensure equality of citizens, their constitutional rights and non-discrimination;

development of international cooperation and friendly relations with foreign countries, support of compatriots and close cooperation with the Uzbek diaspora abroad in order to strengthen interethnic relations, protect the rights, freedoms and legitimate interests of citizens in the country and abroad, increase the prestige and image of Uzbekistan in the world arena;

There is no doubt that the improvement of the organizational and legal framework of interethnic relations, taking into account the priorities of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the development of the state and society, advanced foreign experience, will bring interethnic relations to a new level.

We believe that in the minds of young people there are the following needs in the field of education for the positive development of interethnic relations:

First of all, it is necessary to improve the educational process in the education system in order to harmonize interethnic relations in the minds of young people. In particular, it is important to introduce special subjects in the teaching of social sciences and humanities that promote interethnic harmony;

Second, the development and implementation of clear, systematic advocacy materials aimed at preventing inter-ethnic conflict in the education of young people;

Third, the widespread use of ideological means of influence in the educational process, the development of national concepts of humanity, nobility, a sense of unity;

Fourth, to systematically monitor the development of interethnic relations among young people, analyze the results, and put forward concrete proposals for resolving disputes;

And fifth, to promote inter-ethnic harmony in educational institutions, and to hold meetings and roundtables with scholars, statesmen, and public figures of different nationalities who have contributed to the development of society.

The above-mentioned tasks are the guarantee of a higher level of interethnic relations in the educational process.

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