



THE IMPLEMENTATION OF TRANSPOSITION TRANSLATION PROCEDURES IN ENGLISH-INDONESIAN TRANSLATION OF EPIC MOVIE SUBTITLE

Putri Anggraeni, Januarius Mujiyanto, Ahmad Sofwan ✉

English Department, Faculty of Languages and Arts, Universitas Negeri Semarang, Indonesia

Article Info

Article History:

Received in October
2018

Approved in November
2018

Published in January
2019

*Keywords: Transposition,
Movie, Subtitle,
Translation, Newmark.*

Abstract

The topic of this research is The Implementation of Transposition Translation Procedures in English-Indonesian Translation of Epic Movie Subtitle. Movie or film can be considered as the most popular literary work yet brings out language aspects into broaden. As we know, a lot of popular movies are written in English which led translator produce a qualified translation of the movie in order to make the movie easier to understand by the audiences. There are many translation procedures implemented in a movie translation, one of them is transposition translation procedure. The goals of this final project are to reveal how many types and how the transposition translation procedure is implemented in translating the subtitle of Epic movie. This study used qualitative approach in describing the results of the analysis of transposition translation procedure implemented. In gathering data, the writer used two steps, they are watching and transcription. In analyzing data, the writer used several steps, they are identifying, classifying, reducing, and reporting. After analyzing the data, the results of this research were presented by using the qualitative-descriptive method. There are 108 out of 1551 parts of subtitles implemented four types of transposition translation procedure. The results of the analysis are described as follows: transposition translation procedure involving literary translation is 63.9%, transposition translation procedure involving change of words' position 27.7%, transposition translation procedure involving change of word class 4.6%, and transposition translation procedure involving adjustment and replacement of words 4.6%. It can be seen that the most frequently implemented procedure is transposition translation procedure involving literary translation. The translator implemented all types of transposition translation procedure in order to produce a good translation which high in naturalness and equivalency of meaning between SL and TL.

© 2018 Universitas Negeri Semarang

✉ Correspondent Address:
B3 Building FBS Unnes
Sekaran, Gunungpati, Semarang, 50229
E-mail: putrianggra8@gmail.com

INTRODUCTION

Film as a form of literature can be a very entertaining media. It can be proved by the fact that almost every family in the world has at least one television set at home. The reason that film become the most popular literature product is that it offers moral values, produced in a many genres, interesting with many colorful animation and special effects, easy and cheap to get, and often include language and culture content. Kusumarasdyati and Luo (Nuriswara, 2014, p. 1) state that "...films provide exposures to the real language, used in authentic settings and the culture in which the foreign language is spoken." As means of communication, the language on the film is one of the important aspects. The audience can automatically learn the language from the film they are watching, in this case is English. For the Indonesian audience, who speak Indonesian, this condition may be problem. They need the source language (SL) to be translated into target language (TL).

It is not a simple matter to translate a language into another. Every subtitle translator needs strategies and procedures to translate the subtitle so that they can translate it properly and produce a good subtitle. Since transposition translation procedure is the commonest translation procedure used, it should be taken to the consideration. As written in the *Language Circle: Journal of Language and Literature XI/2*, that in the process of translation, the translator uses class shift (transposition) as a translation strategy to achieve a communicative translation, it is important to every translator to understand how this procedure is implemented in translation in order to produce high qualified subtitle translation in the future.

According to Newmark (1988:5) translation is rendering the meaning of a text into another language in the way that the author intended the text. Newmark gave more explanation from his statement above that translation was not only translating the language but also the translator should transfer the meaning of the text, so the reader knew about the author intention. Another definition by Catford (1965:20), explained that translation was the replacement of textual material in one language (SL) by equivalent textual material in another language. This definition concerned in two keywords in understanding translation. These are textual material (where text might have been expected) and equivalent. The use of these terms concerned in idea that translation transposed the Source language grammar (clauses and groups) into target language equivalents and translated the lexical units into proper and right sense in the context of the sentence.

From some statements and definition from the experts above it can be concluded that translation is an process of activity of change, produce and convey the meaning from the writer (source language) into the target language to get the closest meaning that will be easily understood and acceptable for the reader by considering naturalness and equivalency between SL and TL.

According to The Macquire Dictionary in Machali (2000:62), "a procedure is the act or manner of proceeding in any action or process". At first the different methods or procedures seem to be countless, Newmark (1988) mentions the difference between translation methods and translation procedures. He writes that, "While translation methods relate to whole texts, translation procedures are used for sentences and the smaller units of language". So it is clear about the difference between translation methods and translation procedures. There are the most common translation procedures used in translation, as depicted by Newmark (1988): transference, naturalization, cultural equivalent, functional equivalent, descriptive equivalent, componential analysis, synonymy, through translation, shifts or transpositions, modulation, recognized translation, translation label, compensation, reduction and expansion, paraphrase. Other procedures, Vinay and Darbelnet also gave: equivalence, adaptation, couplets, and notes.

According to Newmark (1988), as quoted by Sayogie, transposition consists of four types of grammatical changes, those are:

Transposition translation procedure involving literal translation (automatic transposition), is caused by the difference of grammatical structure of a language and offers the translator no choice.

Transposition translation procedure involving the change of words' position is required when a SL grammatical structure does not exist in the TL. The change is also possible to occur when SL passive voice is not common to be translated in TL passive voice, so the words' position are changed and transform it into TL active voice with equal meaning, and also caused by unnatural meaning of literal translation.

Transposition translation procedure involving change of word class is grammatically possible when SL literal translation is not in a TL natural usage. For instance, SL noun phrase can be shifted into a TL verb phrase.

Transposition translation procedure involving adjustment and replacement of words can be considered as a semi or full change of a full-set SL sentence into a new composition of TL with equal meaning, required adjustment and replacement of some words in order to complete lexical gap in the translation.

A definition of movie stated by Hornby (1995: 434) defined film is a story, etc. recorded as a set of moving pictures to be shown on television or at the cinema. As stated in Microsoft Encarta 2008, movie or film is a series of images that are projected onto screen to create the illusion of motion. Motion pictures also called movies, films, or the cinema are one of the most popular forms of entertainment, enabling people to bring themselves in an imaginary world (Microsoft Encarta: 2008). While Coulson (1978: 622) states that film or movie is story, incident, etc. recorded on film on moving pictures. Furthermore, Lorimer (1995: 506) states that films can record culture, and they can treat social or political issues and other aspects of societies to capture relationship difficult to be communicated by other means.

Based on the definitions above, it can be concluded that movie is one of literature forms which contain story, play, history, culture, incidents, science, etc. that is recorded as video and shown in cinema, television, theaters, or other broadcast media which is as entertainment as the main purpose.

From the research conducted by Dries (1995) it is known that there are two major types of film translation: dubbing and subtitling; each of them interferes with the original text to a different extent.

Subtitling, as cited from Matviska (2014) can be explained as supplying a translation of the spoken source language dialogue into the target language in the form of synchronized captions, usually at the bottom of the screen, is the form that alters the source text to the least possible extent and enables the target audience to experience the foreign and be aware of its 'foreignness' at all times. Therefore, the language of a subtitle should be a short, dense, and precise objectives and standards of good language use. Subtitle usually appear on the lower part of the screen and consist of the translated source language into target language.

Dubbing is oriented at the target audience that makes the translator adapt the source text which in the end has to meet the standards existing in the target language or country, as cited from Cintaz (2009). Labially synchronized dubbing which is also known as lip sync is the most widely-spread type of revoicing of feature films which are in mass distribution and mostly it is performed by professional actors. During selection of dubbing actors original voice, temperament of the character and voice age are taken into consideration.

METHODS

This study is a descriptive-qualitative research. It means that this study presents the data in a form of description. Based on to Pope and Mays (in Bram, 2013: 25), qualitative researchers study things in their natural settings in an effort to discover the meanings seen by those who are being researched (or subjects) rather than that of the researcher. In this research, the writer only collect, classify and analyze the data, and in the end, draw conclusion based on the data gathered in a form of description.

The data used in this research are the subtitles taken from Epic movie. They are served in a form of subtitle, there are subtitles used, they are English and Indonesian subtitle compared and analyzed sentence by sentence. There are 1551 parts of English and Indonesian subtitles divided by the time they occur on the screen, but not all of them are used. The subtitles used are the subtitles implemented transposition translation procedure, there are 108 parts. Due to the same type of data, 108 subtitles is reduced into simpler data which represent each kind of transposition translation procedure, so the result of this study is easier to understand. The data of this study is in a form of table contains English and Indonesian subtitles and the time they occur on the screen when the movie is played. The writer decided to divide them based on the time they occur because it is considered to be more valid rather than divided them sentence by sentence. It is also because the translator translate them based on the time they occur too.

The techniques of collecting the data in this research can be summarized into two steps. They are:

1. Watching; since the data of this study was taken from a film, the first step the writer took was watch the film. This step is considered as the primary step because by watching a movie, an audience is able to get deeper understanding about the story of the movie. The writer not only watched the movie one but repeatedly also to get more understanding about the English (SL) and Indonesian (TL) subtitles of the movie.

2. Transcription; after watching and get enough understanding about the story and the subtitle of the movie, the writer then gathered the subtitles as the data by transferring the source language (SL) and the target language (TL) of the subtitle into a table. The writer listed all the subtitles into a table and put them based on the time they occur on the screen when the movie is played, so there would be no incorrect pair between SL and TL in the table. Here, the writer put both the source language (SL) and the target language (TL) of the subtitle side by side.

The techniques of collecting the data in this research can be summarized into four steps. They are:

1. Identifying; after the writer gathered all the subtitles of SL and TL data from the movie, the writer identified them based on the transposition translation procedure used. The writer then made another table contain only subtitles implemented transposition translation procedure.

2. Classifying; after reading all the script and related sources from books, journals, articles, etc. the writer will classify the data into a table based on the types of transposition translation procedure implemented in translating the parts of the subtitles. There were four types of transposition translation procedure used as references in classifying the data.

3. Reducing; due to the same type of transposition translation procedure implemented by some parts of subtitles, some similar data occurred. To avoid misunderstanding and make the results of the analysis easier to understanding, the writer reduce the data into the simpler one. Some parts of subtitles implement same transposition translation were left and the others were analyzed as the representation of the reduced data.

4. Reporting; the result of this study was reported or served in the next chapter in a form of a table completed by the description as an explanation of the implementation of transposition translation procedure in translating the English into Indonesian subtitles of Epic movie, and more detailed data were put on the appendices. The data on the appendices are hoped able to help the readers understand how this study is done.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

There are 4 kinds of transposition translation procedures used by the translator in translating subtitle, they are (1) transposition translation procedure involving literary translation, (2) transposition translation procedure involving change of words' position, (3) transposition translation procedure involving change of word class, and (4) transposition translation procedure involving adjustment and replacement of words. In addition, the writer only gave attention in the transposition translation procedures used in translating the subtitle of Epic movie. In order to get efficient and exact results, I took some representative data by using sampling method for each kind of transposition translation procedure. It is done because there are many similar data occur in this research, so they must be reduced to get the valid result. The table below shows the data statistic of the number of each transposition translation procedure used:

No	Transposition Translation Procedure	Frequency	Percentage
1	Transposition Translation Procedure Involving Literary Translation	68	63.96%
2	Transposition Translation Procedure Involving Change of Words' Position	30	27.77%
3	Transposition Translation Procedure Involving Change Of Word Class	5	4.62%
4	Transposition Translation Procedure Involving Adjustment And Replacement Of Words	5	4.62%
Sum	108	100%	

From 1551 English into Indonesian subtitle translated, there were 108 of them implemented transposition translation procedure. If the sum of overall data and the data implemented transposition translation procedure is compared, it can be considered that the data implemented transposition translation procedure is very small in amount. This problem occurred because in many scenes of the film the subtitles only express some noises such as grunt, roar, gasps, growls, and so on. Translation of these kind of expression are very simple, thus appear in almost every scene of the movie because it contains some fighting scene. Even though there are only few parts implemented transposition translation procedure, the implementation of that translation procedure in translating English into Indonesian subtitle of Epic movie is considered very well. Transposition translation procedure involving literal translation is divided into 2 kinds, the first one is the change of noun into adjective, and the second is the change of plural noun into singular noun. This procedure was implemented in 68 parts of the subtitle, and considered as the most frequently used procedure because in literal translation the change of SL into TL is automatic and offers the translator no alternative choice (Newmark, 1998).

Transposition translation procedure involving change of words' position is then can be divided into 3 kinds based on the factors influencing the changes of the words' position. They were the change of passive voice into active voice, the change because unnatural meaning, and the change because SL grammatical structure does not exist in TL. This procedure was implemented in 30 parts

of the subtitle. Transposition translation procedure involving change of word class is implemented in 5 parts of the subtitle. This procedure was implemented because literal translation is grammatically possible but may not accord with natural usage in the TL, and thus makes SL verb phrase changed into TL noun phrase.

Transposition translation procedure involving adjustment and replacement of words is also implemented in 5 parts of the subtitle. The cause leads this procedure to occur is that there is lexical gap in direct translation of English into Indonesian translation, so that the adjustment and replacement were needed to complete the gap.

CONCLUSIONS

We live in the society influenced greatly by the media. With the appearance of advanced technologies there appeared also new forms of modern literature as media of communication which led to new forms of translation. Movie as a form of modern literature, has become one of the most influential part of language. The translation of movie or movie translation is called audiovisual translation starts to become a new, best, and easy way to learn language. With the social phenomenon of globalization, translators face the urgent need to translate films in short periods of time but in a high-quality way. Thus, they have to understand the strategies to produce a good translation, one of them is by implementing the proper translation procedure in translating languages.

The goals of this study are to reveal how many and how the transposition of translation procedure is implemented in translating English into Indonesian subtitle of Epic movie. As the results of analysis and discussion conducted by the writer, there are several conclusion found. The writer used 108 out of 1551 parts of English into Indonesian subtitle as the data to achieve the goals of this study. As written in the Chapter II, the writer described four types of transposition translation procedure proposed by Newmark's classification. Those type of transposition translation procedure are; (1) transposition translation procedure involving literary translation, (2) transposition translation procedure involving change of words' position, (3) transposition translation procedure involving change of word class, and (4) transposition translation procedure involving adjustment and replacement of words. By analyzing the subtitle, it is known that all types of transposition translation procedure were implemented in translating subtitle.

The implementation frequency of types of transposition translation procedure is different, this is because every type of transposition translation procedure required different grammatical structures of SL and TL. The details of implementation frequency in form of percentage are follows: transposition translation procedure involving literary translation is 63.9%, transposition translation procedure involving change of words' position 27.7%, transposition translation procedure involving change of word class 4.6%, and transposition translation procedure involving adjustment and replacement of words 4.6%.

Based on the results of this study, it is known that the importance to understand translation procedure, especially transposition translation procedure is undeniable. Even so, we still have to complete this procedure with other procedure because not all subtitles can be translated by implementing this translation so the translation of the subtitles become highly-qualified.

REFERENCES

- Catford, J. C. 1965. *A Linguistic Theory of Translation*. London: Oxford University Press.
- Cintaz, D. J. 2009. *New Trends in Audiovisual Translation* (ed). Bristol: Multilingual Matters.

- Dries, J. 1995. Breaking Eastern European Barriers. *Sequentia*, vol. II, No. 4 June/July/August 95, p. 6.
- Hornby, A.S. 2010. Equivalence: In *Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary*, (8th ed., p. 495). Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Machali, R. 2000. *Pedoman bagi Penerjemah*. Jakarta: PT Grasindo.
- Matkivska, N. 2014. *Audiovisual Translation: Conception, Types, Characters' Speech and Translation Strategies Applied*. Ukraine: Kyiv National Linguistic University.
- Microsoft® Encarta® Reference Library 2005. © 1993-2004 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
- Mujiyanto, J. 2011. *Petunjuk Penulisan Skripsi*. Semarang: UNNES Press.
- Newmark, P. 1988. *A Textbook of Translation*. London: Prentice Hall.
- Nida, E.A. dan C.R. Taber. 1969. *The Theory and Practice of Translation*. Leiden: E.J. Brill.
- Nuriswara, I. M. 2014. The Analysis of Translating Procedures on the Subtitle of Sherlock Holmes "Game of Shadows". Bandung: Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia.
- Rahmawatie, I, Engliana I. M. 2017. The Shifts of Functional Words in The Translation of Toer's *Bumi Manusia* into English by Max Lane. *Language Circle: Journal of Language and Literature*, XI/2.
- Saputra, H. B. 2013. *Strategies Used in the Translation of Clauses in Puss in Boots*. Semarang: Univeristas Negeri Semarang.
- Sayogie, Frans. 2009. *Teori dan Praktek Penerjemahan Bahasa Inggris ke dalam Bahasa Indonesia*. Tangerang: Pustaka Anak Negeri.
- Vinay, J. P. and Darbelnet, J. 2000. *A Methodology for Translation: The Translation Studies Reader*, ed. L. Venuti. London and New York: Routledge.
- <http://www.dictionary.com/browse/subtitle>, accessed on January 30th, 2017.
- [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epic_\(2013_film\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Epic_(2013_film)), accessed on January 27th, 2017.
- <http://www.dictionary.com/browse/subtitle>, accessed on January 30th, 2017.