

ANALISIS DAN PERANCANGAN
GROUP DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM (GDSS) BERBASIS WEB
PADA DISKUSI PARTISIPATIF
YONMENKAIGI SYSTEM METHOD (YSM)

Annisa Eka Putri

ABSTRAK

Seiring perkembangan teknologi, proses pengambilan keputusan mulai didukung oleh sistem yang terkomputerisasi dan biasanya disebut *Decision Support Systems* (DSS) kemudian terus berkembang menjadi *Group Decision Support System* berbasis *web*. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk melakukan identifikasi dan analisis kelayakan diskusi partisipatif *Yonmenkaigi System Method* (YSM) dikolaborasikan dengan *Group Decision Support System* (GDSS) berbasis *web*, serta menghasilkan *logical* dan *physical design* usulan *Group Decision Support System* (GDSS) pada diskusi partisipatif *Yonmenkaigi System Method* berbasis *web*. Metode analisis dan perancangan sistem merujuk pada metode pengembangan *Decision Support System* (DSS) oleh Turban dan Aronson. Hasil penelitian ini adalah usulan perancangan sistem yang disebut *Web-Based Group Decision Support System for Yonmenkaigi System Method* (WGDSS-YSM) guna mendukung diskusi partisipatif yang terdiri dari *logical* dan *physical design*. *Logical design* yang dihasilkan meliputi *three-tier architecture system* dan model sistem yang didesain menggunakan *Unified Modeling Language* (UML) 2.3, *entity relationship diagram* (ERD), dan *model base* yang digunakan sebagai *toolkit* diskusi WGDSS-YSM. Hasil usulan terakhir adalah *physical design* yang meliputi *physical database*, struktur navigasi sistem secara keseluruhan, dan rancangan sketsa layar sistem.

Kata Kunci: *Decision Support System* (DSS), *Web-Based Group Decision Support System* (WGDSS), *Yonmenkaigi System Method* (YSM), diskusi partisipatif, analisis dan perancangan sistem, *Unified Modeling Language* (UML) 2.3

**ANALYSIS AND DESIGN OF
WEB-BASED GROUP DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM (GDSS)
FOR PARTICIPATORY DISCUSSION
YONMENKAIGI SYSTEM METHOD (YSM)**

Annisa Eka Putri

ABSTRACT

As the development of technology, decision making process supported by computerized system called Decision Support System (DSS) then continuous to grow as a Web-based Decision Support Systems. The objectives of the research are to identify and analyse the feasibility of participatory discussion Yonmenkaigi System Method (YSM) collaborated with Web-based Group Decision Support and produce a propose model of logical and physical design of Web-based Group Decision Support System (GDSS) for Yonmenkaigi System Method. System analysis and design method refers to Turban and Aronson Decision Support System development method. Hence, the result is a propose model system design called Web-Based Group Decision Support System for Yonmenkaigi System Method (WGDSS-YSM) to support participative discussion consist of logical and physical design. Logical design constructs three-tier architecture system and system modeling using Unified Modeling Language (UML) 2.3, entity relationship diagram (ERD), and model base explaining the discussion toolkits for WGDSS-YSM. Lastly, physical design constructs physical database, navigation system, and sketch of user interface system design.

Keywords: Decision Support System (DSS), Web-Based Group Decision Support System (WGDSS), Yonmenkaigi System Method (YSM), participatory discussion, analysis and system design, Unified Modeling Language (UML) 2.3